

catena-Poly[(acetatochloridozinc)- μ -1,1'-[1,4-phenylenebis(methylene)]di-1*H*-imidazole]

Liang Wang

Department of Chemistry, University of Science and Technology Beijing, Beijing 100083, People's Republic of China

Correspondence e-mail: chg_2010@qq.com

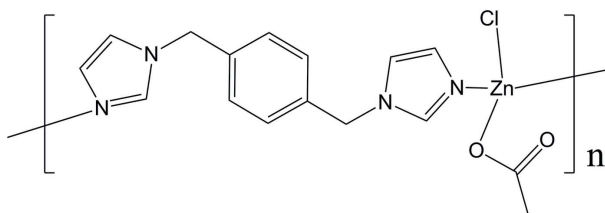
Received 3 December 2012; accepted 7 January 2013

Key indicators: single-crystal X-ray study; $T = 293$ K; mean $\sigma(\text{C}-\text{C}) = 0.006$ Å; R factor = 0.054; wR factor = 0.124; data-to-parameter ratio = 15.8.

The title compound, $[\text{Zn}(\text{CH}_3\text{CO}_2)\text{Cl}(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4)]_n$, is a one-dimensional coordination polymer in which the Zn^{II} ion is tetrahedrally coordinated by two N atoms of a bridging 1,1'-[1,4-phenylenebis(methylene)]di-1*H*-imidazole ligand, an acetate O atom and a Cl atom. The Cl atom, two acetate O atoms and two acetate C atoms are located on a mirror plane. The coordination of the diimidazole ligand to the Zn^{II} ion gives an infinite one-dimensional zigzag structure along the b -axis direction with the charge balanced by the chloride and acetate ions.

Related literature

For background to the design and assembly of metal-organic coordination polymers, see: Wang *et al.* (2009); Leininger *et al.* (2000). For a related structure, see: Li *et al.* (2008). For the synthesis of the title complex, see: Wang *et al.* (2012).



Experimental

Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)\text{Cl}(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4)]$

$M_r = 398.18$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/m$

$a = 7.4510$ (5) Å

$b = 14.1636$ (8) Å

$c = 8.1977$ (5) Å

$\beta = 90.459$ (6)°

$V = 865.10$ (9) Å³

$Z = 2$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation

$\mu = 1.59$ mm⁻¹

$T = 293$ K

$0.20 \times 0.15 \times 0.10$ mm

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector diffractometer

Absorption correction: multi-scan

(*SADABS*; Sheldrick, 2003)

$T_{\min} = 0.742$, $T_{\max} = 0.857$

5952 measured reflections

1867 independent reflections

1375 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$

$R_{\text{int}} = 0.076$

Refinement

$R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$

$wR(F^2) = 0.124$

$S = 1.00$

1867 reflections

118 parameters

H-atom parameters constrained

$\Delta\rho_{\text{max}} = 0.55$ e Å⁻³

$\Delta\rho_{\text{min}} = -0.50$ e Å⁻³

Table 1

Selected bond lengths (Å).

Zn1—O1	1.957 (4)	Zn1—Cl1	2.2428 (17)
Zn1—N1	2.014 (3)		

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus*; program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL*.

The author thanks the University of Science and Technology, Beijing, for support.

Supplementary data and figures for this paper are available from the IUCr electronic archives (Reference: HP2053).

References

- Bruker (2001). *SAINT-Plus*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Bruker (2004). *APEX2*. Bruker AXS Inc., Madison, Wisconsin, USA.
 Leininger, S., Olenyuk, B. & Stang, P. J. (2000). *Chem. Rev.* **100**, 853–908.
 Li, S.-L., Lan, Y.-Q., Ma, J. F., Yang, J., Wei, G.-H., Zhang, L.-P. & Su, Z.-M. (2008). *Cryst. Growth Des.* **8**, 675–684.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2003). *SADABS*. University of Göttingen, Germany.
 Sheldrick, G. M. (2008). *Acta Cryst.* **A64**, 112–122.
 Wang, C., Wen, B., Sun, Z.-Y., Yan, P.-F. & Gao, J.-S. (2012). *Acta Cryst.* **E68**, m621.
 Wang, H., Zhang, D., Sun, D., Chen, Y., Zhang, L.-F., Tian, L., Jiang, J. & Ni, Z.-H. (2009). *Cryst. Growth Des.* **9**, 5273–5282.

supplementary materials

Acta Cryst. (2013). E69, m102 [doi:10.1107/S1600536813000524]

catena-Poly[(acetatochloridozinc)- μ -1,1'-[1,4-phenylenebis(methylene)]di-1*H*-imidazole]**Liang Wang****Comment**

In the field of supramolecular chemistry and crystal engineering, the design and assembly of metal-organic coordination polymers with appealing structures and properties have stimulated interests of chemists in recent years (Wang *et al.*, 2009 and Leininger *et al.* 2000)). Thus far, a large number of metal-organic coordination polymers have been prepared. Herein, a new metal coordination polymer has been prepared by using a bidentate ligand.

As shown in Fig. 1, the asymmetric unit of compound was composed of a 1,4-bis((1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)methyl)benzene ligand (*L*), a divalent zinc ion, a chloride ion, and an acetate ion. The bond lengths of Zn—N, Zn—O, and Zn—Cl are consistent with those reported result (Li *et al.*, 2008). The organic ligand in a *trans*-coordination mode to coordinate with the zinc ions by using two terminal nitrogen atoms, leading to the one-dimensional zigzag coordination polymer. The dihedral angle of the imidazol and benzene planes is 87.293 (2)°, and two the imidazol planes is parallel with the dihedral angle of 0°. The adjacent single chains are parallel along the direction of *b* axis, Fig. 2.

Experimental

The title compound was synthesized referring to the reported literature (Wang *et al.*, 2012). A mixture of Zn(OAc)₂·2H₂O (0.0422 g, 0.1 mmol), ZnCl₂ (0.014 g, 0.1 mmol), and 1,4-bis((1*H*-imidazol-1-yl)methyl)benzene ligand (*L*) (0.024 g, 0.1 mmol), and H₂O (15 ml) was sealed in 25 ml Teflon-lined stainless steel reactor and heated to 120 °C. Colorless block-shaped crystals suitable for X-ray diffraction analysis were separated by filtration with the yield of 0.031 g, 78% (based on ligand).

Refinement

All the non-hydrogen atoms were refined anisotropically by full-matrix leastsquares calculations on F². All H atoms (except H1a) were placed in geometrically idealized positions and treated as riding on their parent atoms with C—H = 0.93 Å, *U*_{iso} = 1.2U_{eq} (C) for aromatic atoms, C—H = 0.96 Å, C—H = 0.96 Å, *U*_{iso} = 1.5U_{eq} (C) for methyl atoms.

Computing details

Data collection: *APEX2* (Bruker, 2004); cell refinement: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2001); data reduction: *SAINT-Plus* (Bruker, 2001); program(s) used to solve structure: *SHELXS97* (Sheldrick, 2008); program(s) used to refine structure: *SHELXL97* (Sheldrick, 2008); molecular graphics: *XP* in *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008); software used to prepare material for publication: *SHELXTL* (Sheldrick, 2008).

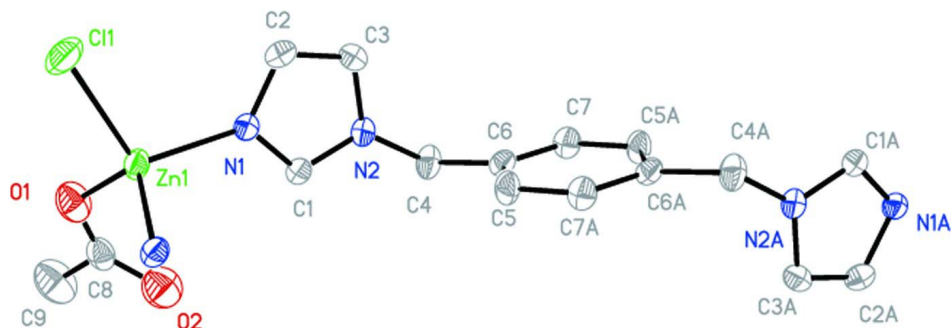


Figure 1

Molecular structure with the unique atom-labelling scheme. Displacement ellipsoids are drawn at the 30% probability level, hydrogen atoms are omitted for clarity.

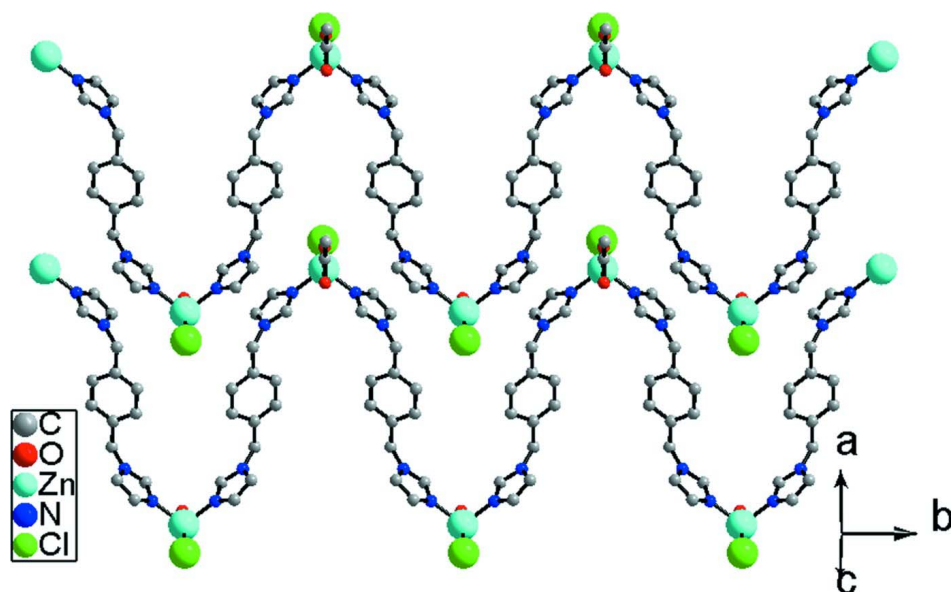


Figure 2

A view of two-dimensional supramolecular diagram.

catena-Poly[(acetatochloridozinc)- μ -1,1'-(1,4-phenylenebis(methylene))]di-1H-imidazole]

Crystal data

$[\text{Zn}(\text{C}_2\text{H}_3\text{O}_2)\text{Cl}(\text{C}_{14}\text{H}_{14}\text{N}_4)]$

$M_r = 398.18$

Monoclinic, $P2_1/m$

Hall symbol: -P 2yb

$a = 7.4510(5) \text{ \AA}$

$b = 14.1636(8) \text{ \AA}$

$c = 8.1977(5) \text{ \AA}$

$\beta = 90.459(6)^\circ$

$V = 865.10(9) \text{ \AA}^3$

$Z = 2$

$F(000) = 408$

$D_x = 1.529 \text{ Mg m}^{-3}$

Mo $K\alpha$ radiation, $\lambda = 0.71073 \text{ \AA}$

Cell parameters from 1643 reflections

$\theta = 2.9\text{--}29.0^\circ$

$\mu = 1.59 \text{ mm}^{-1}$

$T = 293 \text{ K}$

Block, colorless

$0.20 \times 0.15 \times 0.10 \text{ mm}$

Data collection

Bruker APEXII CCD area-detector
 diffractometer
 Radiation source: fine-focus sealed tube
 Graphite monochromator
 φ and ω scans
 Absorption correction: multi-scan
 (SADABS; Sheldrick, 2003)
 $T_{\min} = 0.742$, $T_{\max} = 0.857$

5952 measured reflections
 1867 independent reflections
 1375 reflections with $I > 2\sigma(I)$
 $R_{\text{int}} = 0.076$
 $\theta_{\max} = 26.5^\circ$, $\theta_{\min} = 2.9^\circ$
 $h = -8 \rightarrow 9$
 $k = -17 \rightarrow 17$
 $l = -10 \rightarrow 6$

Refinement

Refinement on F^2
 Least-squares matrix: full
 $R[F^2 > 2\sigma(F^2)] = 0.054$
 $wR(F^2) = 0.124$
 $S = 1.00$
 1867 reflections
 118 parameters
 0 restraints
 Primary atom site location: structure-invariant
 direct methods

Secondary atom site location: difference Fourier
 map
 Hydrogen site location: inferred from
 neighbouring sites
 H-atom parameters constrained
 $w = 1/[\sigma^2(F_o^2) + (0.0537P)^2]$
 where $P = (F_o^2 + 2F_c^2)/3$
 $(\Delta/\sigma)_{\max} = 0.001$
 $\Delta\rho_{\max} = 0.55 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$
 $\Delta\rho_{\min} = -0.50 \text{ e } \text{\AA}^{-3}$

Special details

Geometry. All e.s.d.'s (except the e.s.d. in the dihedral angle between two l.s. planes) are estimated using the full covariance matrix. The cell e.s.d.'s are taken into account individually in the estimation of e.s.d.'s in distances, angles and torsion angles; correlations between e.s.d.'s in cell parameters are only used when they are defined by crystal symmetry. An approximate (isotropic) treatment of cell e.s.d.'s is used for estimating e.s.d.'s involving l.s. planes.

Refinement. Refinement of F^2 against ALL reflections. The weighted R -factor wR and goodness of fit S are based on F^2 , conventional R -factors R are based on F , with F set to zero for negative F^2 . The threshold expression of $F^2 > \sigma(F^2)$ is used only for calculating R -factors(gt) etc. and is not relevant to the choice of reflections for refinement. R -factors based on F^2 are statistically about twice as large as those based on F , and R -factors based on ALL data will be even larger.

Fractional atomic coordinates and isotropic or equivalent isotropic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	<i>x</i>	<i>y</i>	<i>z</i>	$U_{\text{iso}}^*/U_{\text{eq}}$	Occ. (<1)
C1	1.1006 (5)	0.1143 (2)	0.9055 (4)	0.0387 (9)	
H1	1.1791	0.1472	0.9735	0.046*	
C2	0.8642 (5)	0.0711 (2)	0.7765 (5)	0.0441 (9)	
H2	0.7465	0.0693	0.7379	0.053*	
C3	0.9946 (6)	0.0095 (2)	0.7356 (5)	0.0443 (10)	
H3	0.9840	−0.0419	0.6657	0.053*	
C4	1.3238 (5)	−0.0061 (3)	0.8149 (5)	0.0483 (10)	
H4A	1.3126	−0.0715	0.8485	0.058*	
H4B	1.4013	0.0255	0.8934	0.058*	
C5	1.4064 (6)	0.0774 (2)	0.5539 (5)	0.0448 (10)	
H5	1.3423	0.1299	0.5888	0.054*	
C6	1.4113 (5)	−0.0027 (2)	0.6486 (4)	0.0372 (9)	
C7	1.5034 (5)	−0.0802 (3)	0.5934 (5)	0.0438 (10)	
H7	1.5053	−0.1351	0.6554	0.053*	
C8	0.9449 (11)	0.2500	1.2806 (8)	0.0513 (16)	
C9	0.9467 (13)	0.2500	1.4712 (9)	0.094 (3)	
H9A	1.0686	0.2500	1.5101	0.140*	

H9B	0.8864	0.1947	1.5103	0.140*	0.50
H9C	0.8864	0.3053	1.5103	0.140*	0.50
O1	0.8030 (8)	0.2500	1.2164 (5)	0.0686 (13)	
O2	1.0927 (8)	0.2500	1.2147 (6)	0.0856 (16)	
Zn1	0.80781 (9)	0.2500	0.97775 (7)	0.0402 (2)	
N1	0.9317 (4)	0.13638 (19)	0.8831 (4)	0.0374 (7)	
N2	1.1458 (4)	0.03823 (19)	0.8181 (3)	0.0373 (7)	
Cl1	0.5193 (2)	0.2500	0.8976 (3)	0.0729 (5)	

Atomic displacement parameters (\AA^2)

	U^{11}	U^{22}	U^{33}	U^{12}	U^{13}	U^{23}
C1	0.032 (2)	0.045 (2)	0.039 (2)	−0.0021 (17)	0.0033 (17)	−0.0050 (16)
C2	0.031 (2)	0.049 (2)	0.052 (2)	−0.0049 (18)	−0.0030 (18)	0.0016 (19)
C3	0.044 (3)	0.041 (2)	0.048 (2)	−0.0033 (19)	0.0000 (19)	−0.0112 (18)
C4	0.041 (2)	0.061 (2)	0.043 (2)	0.015 (2)	0.0049 (19)	0.0020 (19)
C5	0.041 (2)	0.0401 (19)	0.053 (2)	0.0126 (18)	0.0107 (19)	−0.0021 (18)
C6	0.028 (2)	0.0403 (19)	0.044 (2)	0.0007 (16)	0.0017 (16)	0.0010 (17)
C7	0.046 (3)	0.0381 (19)	0.047 (2)	0.0068 (18)	0.0048 (19)	0.0060 (17)
C8	0.066 (5)	0.031 (3)	0.057 (4)	0.000	0.016 (4)	0.000
C9	0.136 (9)	0.091 (5)	0.054 (4)	0.000	0.000 (5)	0.000
O1	0.090 (4)	0.067 (3)	0.049 (3)	0.000	0.014 (3)	0.000
O2	0.094 (5)	0.084 (3)	0.079 (4)	0.000	0.001 (3)	0.000
Zn1	0.0355 (4)	0.0390 (4)	0.0464 (4)	0.000	0.0116 (3)	0.000
N1	0.0322 (18)	0.0369 (15)	0.0431 (18)	−0.0003 (14)	0.0047 (14)	−0.0040 (14)
N2	0.0350 (19)	0.0415 (16)	0.0355 (16)	0.0040 (14)	0.0056 (14)	0.0007 (14)
Cl1	0.0332 (9)	0.0714 (10)	0.1140 (16)	0.000	0.0032 (9)	0.000

Geometric parameters (\AA , $^\circ$)

C1—N1	1.308 (5)	C5—H5	0.9300
C1—N2	1.338 (4)	C6—C7	1.372 (5)
C1—H1	0.9300	C7—C5 ⁱ	1.387 (5)
C2—C3	1.350 (5)	C7—H7	0.9300
C2—N1	1.366 (4)	C8—O1	1.177 (8)
C2—H2	0.9300	C8—O2	1.231 (8)
C3—N2	1.371 (5)	C8—C9	1.562 (9)
C3—H3	0.9300	C9—H9A	0.9600
C4—N2	1.468 (5)	C9—H9B	0.9600
C4—C6	1.516 (5)	C9—H9C	0.9600
C4—H4A	0.9700	Zn1—O1	1.957 (4)
C4—H4B	0.9700	Zn1—N1	2.014 (3)
C5—C6	1.375 (5)	Zn1—N1 ⁱⁱ	2.014 (3)
C5—C7 ⁱ	1.387 (5)	Zn1—Cl1	2.2428 (17)
N1—C1—N2	111.3 (3)	C5 ⁱ —C7—H7	119.6
N1—C1—H1	124.3	O1—C8—O2	127.4 (7)
N2—C1—H1	124.3	O1—C8—C9	116.6 (7)
C3—C2—N1	109.5 (3)	O2—C8—C9	116.0 (7)
C3—C2—H2	125.2	C8—C9—H9A	109.5

N1—C2—H2	125.2	C8—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C3—N2	106.1 (3)	H9A—C9—H9B	109.5
C2—C3—H3	127.0	C8—C9—H9C	109.5
N2—C3—H3	127.0	H9A—C9—H9C	109.5
N2—C4—C6	113.4 (3)	H9B—C9—H9C	109.5
N2—C4—H4A	108.9	C8—O1—Zn1	115.1 (5)
C6—C4—H4A	108.9	O1—Zn1—N1	113.41 (12)
N2—C4—H4B	108.9	O1—Zn1—N1 ⁱⁱ	113.41 (12)
C6—C4—H4B	108.9	N1—Zn1—N1 ⁱⁱ	106.09 (17)
H4A—C4—H4B	107.7	O1—Zn1—Cl1	105.52 (18)
C6—C5—C7 ⁱ	120.3 (3)	N1—Zn1—Cl1	109.17 (9)
C6—C5—H5	119.9	N1 ⁱⁱ —Zn1—Cl1	109.17 (9)
C7 ⁱ —C5—H5	119.9	C1—N1—C2	106.1 (3)
C7—C6—C5	118.9 (3)	C1—N1—Zn1	125.5 (2)
C7—C6—C4	119.4 (3)	C2—N1—Zn1	128.3 (2)
C5—C6—C4	121.6 (3)	C1—N2—C3	107.0 (3)
C6—C7—C5 ⁱ	120.8 (3)	C1—N2—C4	125.8 (3)
C6—C7—H7	119.6	C3—N2—C4	127.1 (3)

Symmetry codes: (i) $-x+3, -y, -z+1$; (ii) $x, -y+1/2, z$.